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JCS30 U.S. PTO
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805 Third Avenue
New York, New York 10022
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Docket No: 1780/OF908

Hon. Commissioner of
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Sir:

Enclosed please find an application for United States patent as identified below:

Inventor/s (name ALL inventors): Michael Delk; Augustus Felix

Title: ELECTRICALLY POWERED SURGICAL IRRIGATOR

including the items indicated:

1. Specification and 13 claims: 3 indep.; 10 dep.; 0 multiple dep.
2. ☒ Executed declaration and power of attorney
☐ Unexecuted declaration and power of attorney
3. ☒ Formal drawings, 6 sheets (Figs. 1-11)
☐ Informal drawings, sheets (Figs.)
4. ☒ Assignment for recording to: C.R. Bard, Inc.

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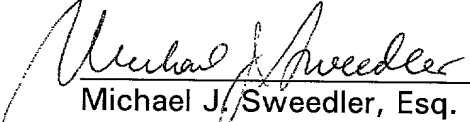
5. ☐ Verified Statement Claiming Small Entity Status
6. ☒ Check in amount of \$730.00, (\$690 filing; \$40 recording; \$0 surcharge)
(See attached **Fee Computation Sheet**)
7. ☐ Preliminary Amendment.
8. ☐ Please amend the description by inserting the following paragraph after the line containing the title on page 1:
"This patent application claims the priority of U.S. provisional patent application No. 60/_____, which is incorporated herein by reference."

Priority is claimed for this application, corresponding application/s having been filed as follows:

Country:
Number:
Date:

The priority documents ☐ are enclosed
☐ will follow.

Respectfully submitted,


Michael J. Sweedler, Esq.
Reg. No. 19,937
Attorney for Applicant(s)

PATENT FEE COMPUTATION SHEET

	No. of Claims Presented	Extra Claims Previously Paid For	Number of Extra Claims	Rate
Basic Fee				\$690.00
Total Claims	13 - 20	0	x \$18.00	\$0.00
Independent Claims	3 - 3	0	x \$78.00	\$0.00
Multiple Dependent Claims		0 - if so, add	\$260.00	\$0.00
Surcharge for late submission of filing fee and/or declaration (\$130.00)				\$0.00
SUBTOTAL				\$690.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Small Entity REDUCTION (Half of Subtotal)				\$0.00
Fee for recordation of assignment (\$40.00)				\$40.00
Charge for filing non-English language application (\$130.00)				\$0.00
TOTAL				\$730.00

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1780/0F908

ELECTRICALLY POWERED SURGICAL IRRIGATOR

This invention relates to surgical irrigators and, more particularly, to electrically powered surgical irrigators of the type used in laparoscopic and endoscopic procedures.

Background of the Invention

Today, numerous types of surgical irrigators are used for laparoscopic and endoscopic surgery. One popular type of surgical irrigator, known as the Hydro-Surg Plus™ irrigator, is illustrated and described in Delk et al. U.S. patent No. 5,807,313 which is hereby incorporated by reference into this specification.

The surgical irrigator illustrated in the '313 patent is battery powered. It includes a small electrical motor which drives an impeller to force water under pressure from an irrigation bag to a handpiece enabling a surgeon to irrigate a surgical site through a wand or probe attached to the handpiece. In that particular case, the handpiece includes suction and irrigation lines which are controlled by trumpet valves. When the surgeon actuates the valve for the irrigation line, an electrical switch in the handpiece is closed which connects the motor to the

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batteries in the pumping unit, causing the pump to operate.

In the battery powered irrigators disclosed in the '313 patent and in Saravia et al. U.S. patent No. 5,484,402 the pump, battery and motor are retained in a housing which is spiked directly into the irrigation bag. The pump outlet is connected by tubing to the handpiece.

Typically, the tubing is about ten feet long which means that the wire which connects the on/off switch in the handpiece to the batteries and motor in the housing is also ten feet long. Since there must be two wires, the total amount of additional wire required to position the switch in the handpiece is in the order of twenty feet. This length of copper wire results in a number of significant drawbacks as follows:

1. the wire itself is relatively expensive;
2. the weight of the copper wire adds to the weight of the tubing and, of course, the overall weight of the irrigator;
3. because the length of the wire is considerable, the added resistance diminishes the performance of the pump for a given battery source; and
4. the need to accommodate a switch in the handpiece detracts from the ergonomic design of the handpiece.

It is an object of this invention to provide an electrically powered surgical irrigator which avoids the above mentioned drawbacks of the prior art.

A more specific object of the invention is to provide a battery powered irrigator in which the switching mechanism for the motor is not contained within the handpiece.

Furthermore, in both of the above mentioned patents, the pumping unit includes a spike on its inlet port which is specially constructed so that when the pumping unit is attached to

a conventional irrigation bag, the entire weight of the pumping unit is supported by the spike.

Because the weight of the unit is considerable, the spike must include special support means such as a rib or it must be increased in diameter so as to create a friction fit which will support the unit. Regardless of which technique is used, the modified spike is relatively difficult to insert
5 into a standard irrigation bag.

Accordingly, it is further object of the invention to provide a surgical irrigator in which a pump unit includes an inlet means with a spike which is easy to insert into a standard irrigation bag.

Summary of the Invention

In accordance with a first feature of the invention, an electrically powered irrigation pump includes a pumping unit which is located in the vicinity of an irrigation bag and a handpiece connected by irrigation tubing to the pumping unit. A flow sensing device, connected at the output of the pumping unit, includes a float which moves when the surgeon opens the irrigation valve in the handpiece causing liquid to flow from the irrigation bag through the pumping unit. A photosensor detects movement of the float from its initial position. When it does so, it causes the circuit between the electrical source of power and the motor to close which then drives the impeller. When the irrigation valve in the handpiece is closed, the float returns to its initial position. This is detected by the photosensor which then causes the circuit between the power source and motor to open and the pump is turned off.

20 In accordance with a further feature of the invention, the pumping unit includes clips which support the weight of the pumping unit on the IV pole or other device which holds

the irrigation bag. The pumping unit includes a short flexible hose which is connected at one end to the inlet port of the pumping unit and at the other end to a conventional spike. The spike is coated with a lubricant such as silicone which makes it extremely easy for a nurse or other technician to attach the pumping unit to an irrigation bag.

5 Description of the Drawings

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a irrigation system in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention;

Fig. 2 is an exploded perspective view of a pumping unit in accordance with the preferred embodiment of the invention;

Fig. 3 is a side plan view of the pumping unit;

Fig. 4 is a side sectional view along the line 4-4 of Fig. 3;

Fig. 5 is a top plan view along the line 5-5 of Fig. 3;

Fig. 6 is a top plan view along the lines 6-6 of Fig. 3;

Fig. 7 is a sectional view along the line 7-7 of Fig. 3;

Fig. 8 is a side sectional view of the battery isolator switch;

Fig. 9 is a top sectional view along the line 9-9 of Fig. 8;

Fig. 10 is a sectional view along the line 10-10 of Fig. 9; and

Fig. 11 is a block diagram showing the control circuitry of the flow sensor according to a preferred embodiment.

Detailed Description

Figure 1 shows the main components of a surgical irrigator in accordance with the preferred embodiment of the invention. In this case, the device illustrated provides irrigation and suction and is similar in construction to the irrigator/suction device shown in the '313 patent.

5 A battery powered pumping unit 10 is detachably secured at its inlet to an irrigation bag 12 (e.g. a saline bag) and, at its outlet, to a handpiece 14 which is also connected to a suction line 15. The pumping unit 10 receives irrigation liquid through an inlet port 17 which is attached to the bag 12 by means of a short flexible tube 13 and a spike 18. In accordance with one feature of the invention, spike 18 is a commercially available device and is coated with a lubricant such as silicone so that it can be easily spiked, i.e. inserted, into the conventional fitting of the irrigation bag. With this arrangement, the frictional force between the spike and bag is so low that it is unable to support the weight of the pumping unit 10. Accordingly, the pumping unit 10 also includes integrally formed clips 16 which are adapted to engage the IV pole 19 on which the irrigation bag 12 is supported. In use, a medical technician attaches the pumping unit to the IV pole 19 before the spike is inserted into the fitting of the irrigation bag 12. After the pumping unit and irrigation bag have been attached, the device is used in conventional fashion. The flexible tubing 13 is required to accommodate a situation in which the pumping unit 10 and bag 12 are not axially aligned, which is typical.

Pumping unit 10 includes a pump head 20 which includes the inlet port 17 and an outlet port 23 for directing irrigation liquid from the pump through a flow sensor 24 and flexible irrigation tubing 26 to the handpiece 14. Handpiece 14 directs irrigation liquid to an irrigation site within a patient's body through an elongate wand 28 that may be advanced to the irrigation

site through a laparoscopic cannula. Trumpet valves 29 and 31 enable the surgeon to selectively couple the irrigation liquid or suction source, respectively, to the surgical site.

The pumping unit 10 is similar to the pumping unit described in U.S. patent No. 5,807,313 and, accordingly, not all details are described herein. In addition to the pump head 20, it includes a battery case 28 which holds eight batteries 30 arrayed around the periphery of the case. The pumping unit further includes a deck 35 which rotatably supports an impeller 32 within the pump head 20. A motor 34 is attached to the bottom surface of deck 35 by means of screws 36 with its output shaft 38 extending through the deck and into the impeller 32. When the motor is connected to batteries 30, it will drive the impeller to pump irrigation liquid from the inlet port 17 to the outlet port 23.

The pumping chamber above deck 35 is sealed from the motor 34 and batteries 30 beneath the deck by a sealing gasket 40 and an O-ring 42 which is seated in a groove within an upstanding collar 44 on the deck 35. The gasket 40 is retained on the collar 44 by means of a seal retainer 46.

The batteries 30 are connected to motor 34 by five upper contacts 50A, B, C, D and E (Fig. 5) and four identical lower contacts 52. As explained in U.S. patent No. 5,807,313, the batteries 30 are connected in series with the motor 34. As shown in Figure 2, each of the lower contacts 52 includes two flat discs 52A which are connected by a V-shaped connecting strip, with each of the discs contacting a lower terminal of one battery. Eight coil springs 54 at the bottom of the battery case apply pressure against the discs 52A of the bottom contacts 52 so that the lower contacts 52 and batteries 30 are spring biased against the upper contacts 50A, B, C, D and E. The upper contacts 50C, D and E connect positive and negative terminals of adjacent

batteries together, but the contacts 50A and 50B are only connected to one battery terminal each.

Contacts 50A and 50B are mounted on a printed circuit board (PCB) 53 which is described below. Contacts 50A and 50B are connected by circuit traces (not shown) on PCB 53 to the upper ends of two wires 56 which are soldered to terminals on the PCB. The other ends of the wires 56 are soldered to the motor terminals (not numbered). As shown best in Fig. 6, the batteries are held in place within battery case 28 by means of a series of projections 58 and 60 which extend upwardly from the floor of the case. The projections 58 each contact two adjacent batteries while the projections 60 are in contact with only a single battery.

In the preferred embodiment of the invention, a battery isolator switch 62 is provided to open the circuit between the batteries and motor prior to use, i.e. during transit and storage. (Figs. 2 and 8-10) The battery isolator switch 62 includes a collar 64, which frictionally retains one of the batteries 30, and a cam 66 on the upper surface of collar 64. As best shown in Fig. 8, the collar 64 includes an upper plate 65 which has a central opening through which the positive terminal 30A of the retained battery 30 extends so that it can make electrical contact with the associated contact 50C when the isolator switch is "on". Cam 66 rides in a circular track (not numbered) within the undersurface of the deck 35. The collar 64 and its retained battery 30 are rotatable by turning a radially extending actuator arm 68 (see Fig. 6). An upward projection 72 diametrically opposed to the cam 66 stabilizes collar 64 during rotation.

The groove within the undersurface of deck 35 includes a cam follower depression 74. When the switch is "off," i.e. during transit and storage prior to use, with the collar 64 rotated to the "off" position, the cam 66 does not sit within the groove 74 and the terminal 30A of the battery 30 retained by collar 64 is pushed out of engagement with the upper

contact 50C (Fig. 10). When the actuator arm 68 is rotated, cam 66 moves into the depression 74 and the coil spring 54 pushes the battery 30 into electrical contact with contact 50C. The motor can then be started as described below by the flow sensor when the irrigation valve is opened. To turn the system "off," the actuator arm 68 is rotated to lift the cam 66 from depression 74, pushing the battery terminal 30A away from the contact 50C.

The flow sensor 24 (Figs. 2 and 4-7) comprises a top shroud 76 and a bottom shroud 78 which include mating surfaces that can be sealed in conventional fashion. The top shroud 76 serves as an elbow and its upper end is sealed to outlet port 23 of the pump. The two shrouds 76 and 78 together serve as a housing for the actual detector which includes a bottom sleeve 80 and a top sleeve 82. The upper portion of sleeve 80 is enlarged so that it can receive the top sleeve 82. Each sleeve 80, 82 includes a flat so that the angular positions of the two sleeves is fixed relative to each other. Sleeve 80 includes a lower cross bar 80A and sleeve 82 includes a lower cross bar 82A so that when the sleeves are assembled, the cross bars 82A and 80A serve as upper and lower stops, respectively, for a float or ball 84. In Figure 7, the ball 84 is shown in phantom in both its up and down positions. When the sleeves are assembled with the flats in engagement, the cross bars 80A and 82A are parallel to each other.

After the device has been primed, i.e. the irrigation tubing 26 is filled with irrigating liquid, if the irrigation valve 29 is not pressed, the ball 84 will float within the cage formed by the sleeves with its upper movement limited by the cross bar 82A. When the irrigation valve 29 is depressed, liquid flow starts under the influence of gravity which drives the ball 84 downwardly into engagement with the lower cross bar 80A. It is this movement of the ball which is detected and used to start the motor.

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In the preferred embodiment, a photodetector comprising an infrared (IR) light emitting diode (LED) 86 and phototransistor 88 are retained within a cradle 90 which is mounted on the printed circuit board 53. The PCB is secured to the bottom of the deck 35 by screws 93 (Fig. 2). Deck 35 includes flanges 94 which support the printed circuit board 53 and the cradle 90. The printed circuit board 53 contains the circuitry for actuating the light source, sensing the movement of the ball, and closing the circuit to the motor 34 as explained below with reference to Fig. 11. Since the movement of the ball is sensed optically, the material of sleeve 80 must be transparent to the optical energy which, in the preferred embodiment, is infrared. The ball is opaque to the optical energy and, as shown in Fig. 7, when it floats, i.e., when it is in the 'up' position, it blocks the passage of light from IR LED 86 to the phototransistor 88. When the ball moves under the influence of gravity to the down position, the optical path between LED 86 and phototransistor 88 is open.

Fig. 11 illustrates in block diagram form one embodiment of the circuitry for driving the infrared LED 86, for sensing the down position of the ball 84, and for driving the motor 34. Voltages and frequencies referred to below are for purposes of explanation only. Obviously, many different optical sensing devices can be used to sense movement of the ball.

When the battery isolator switch 62 is turned on, twelve volts are applied to a voltage regulator 100 which produces a regulated voltage of 5.1 volts, for example. The voltage output from voltage regulator 100 is connected to a clock generator 102 which produces on its output a 4.5 Khz square wave. The output of the clock generator 102 is fed to an IR LED driver 104 which produces the pulses which drive the infrared LED 86. Driver 104 is powered by the 12 volt battery supply.

If the ball is in the up position, the optical path between the IR LED 86 and photosensor 88 is blocked and there is no signal. If, however, the ball is in the down position, the IR sensor 88 receives a pulsed optical signal from LED 86 which is coupled to an IR receiver/amplifier 106. Amplifier 106 is also powered by the 5.1 volt output from regulator 100.

5 The output from amplifier 106 and clock generator 102 are fed to a synchronous integrating detector 108 which compares the data signal from the phototransistor 88 with the clock signal and produces an output when they are similar for a predetermined time duration. A static data signal will not cause a data output from detector 108 but a valid output will be generated even if random noise appears on the signal from the phototransistor 88. The detector 108 compares alternating phases of the clock signal and the data signal and produces an output only (a) when both signals are high, and (b) when both signals are low. The detector also introduces a time delay so that the motor is turned on a predetermined time after the irrigation valve 29 is opened (e.g. 10 ms), and the motor is turned off a predetermined time after the valve is closed (e.g. 15 ms). The detector output is coupled to a pump motor driver which starts (or stops) the motor.

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15 The operation of the system is as follows. After the pumping unit 10 has been secured to the IV pole and the spike 18 inserted into the irrigation bag 12, the tubing 26 to the handpiece is mostly filled with air. The flow sensor ball 84 is in the down position and the battery isolating switch 62 is off.

20 To prime the system, the irrigation valve 29 is pressed, opening the valve and permitting irrigation liquid to flow from the irrigation bag 12 through tubing 26 and handpiece 14 by gravity. When the fluid path is filled with liquid, the irrigation valve 29 is released closing the valve. The sensor ball 84 then floats to the up position and the battery isolator switch 62 can

be turned on. The motor 34 will remain off because the ball 84 is in the up position. The system is primed and ready for operation. When the irrigation valve 29 is depressed, liquid flows causing the ball 84 to move to the down position to turn on the motor as described.

The system can also be primed by using the pump. To do this, the irrigation valve 29 is opened and the switch 62 turned on. Because the ball is in the down position, the motor 34 will turn on and fill the fluid path. When the fluid path is filled with liquid, closing the irrigation valve will cause the flow sensor ball 84 to float to the up position.

Numerous modifications of the invention are possible. Instead of IR energy, other optical frequencies can be used. In the preferred embodiment, the optical beam is blocked when the ball is floating and unblocked when flow starts. Obviously, the device may work in the opposite fashion, i.e. by blocking the optical path when flow starts (i.e. the ball is down). The basic principles of the invention do not depend on the type of photo detection employed.

In the Claims:

1 1. A surgical irrigator comprising in combination, a pumping unit having an outlet, a
2 handpiece, and tubing connecting the outlet of said pumping unit to said handpiece, said
3 pumping unit including an impeller and an electrically powered motor for driving the impeller,
4 said handpiece including an irrigation valve, the improvement comprising an optical flow sensor
5 positioned near the outlet of the pumping unit for sensing liquid flow through said tubing when
6 said irrigation valve is open, and means responsive to said optical flow sensor for turning said
7 motor on to drive said impeller.

1 2. A surgical irrigator according to claim 1, wherein said optical flow sensor
2 includes a float having a first position when the irrigation valve is closed and a second position
3 when the irrigation valve is open.

1 3. A surgical irrigator according to claim 2, wherein said optical flow sensor
2 includes a light source and a photosensor responsive to light from said light source, said float
3 blocking the light path between the light source and photosensor in one of said positions.

1 4. A surgical irrigator according to claim 3, wherein said means for turning said
2 motor on includes a detector responsive to said photosensor for connecting said motor to a source
3 of electrical energy.

5. A surgical irrigator comprising in combination, a pumping unit having an outlet, a handpiece, and tubing connecting the outlet of said pumping unit to said handpiece, said handpiece including an irrigation valve, said pumping unit including an impeller, batteries, and a battery powered motor for driving the impeller, and an optical flow sensor for sensing liquid flow through said tubing when said irrigation valve is open, means responsive to said optical sensor for turning said motor on to drive said impeller, and a manually operable switch for selectively connecting the batteries in a circuit with the motor.

6. A surgical irrigator according to claim 5, wherein said optical flow sensor includes a float having a first position when the irrigation valve is closed and a second position when the irrigation valve is open.

7. A surgical irrigator according to claim 6, wherein said optical flow sensor includes a light source and a photosensor responsive to light from said light source, said float blocking the light path between the light source and photosensor in one of said positions.

8. A surgical irrigator according to claim 7, wherein said means for turning said motor on includes a detector responsive to said photosensor for connecting said motor to said batteries when said manually operable switch connects said batteries in circuit with said motor.

9. A surgical irrigator according to claim 7, wherein said impeller, batteries and battery powered motor are located in a housing having a deck which separates the impeller from

the batteries and motor, and a printed circuit board attached to the deck in the same compartment as the batteries and motor, said light source, photosensor and means for turning said motor on being attached to said printed circuit board.

10. A surgical irrigator according to claim 5, wherein said pumping unit includes upper and lower contacts for engaging the terminals of said batteries, and wherein said manually operable switch moves one of the batteries out of electrical contact with one of its associated contacts.

11. A surgical irrigator according to claim 10, wherein said manually operable switch includes a rotatable arm and camming means responsive to rotation of said arm for moving said one battery.

12. A surgical irrigator, comprising a pumping unit having an inlet and an outlet, a handpiece and tubing connecting the outlet of said pumping unit to said handpiece, said pumping unit including means for supporting the pumping unit on a pole or the like, a flexible tube connecting at one end to said inlet, and a spike connected to the other end of said flexible tube for connecting said inlet to an irrigation bag, said spike being coated with a lubricant.

13. A surgical irrigator according to claim 12, wherein said lubricant comprises silicone.

Abstract of the Disclosure

A surgical irrigator comprises a pumping unit connected to a handpiece by means of elongated irrigation tubing. The pumping unit includes an impeller, batteries and a battery powered motor to drive the impeller. The handpiece includes an irrigation valve which, when depressed, opens the valve and permits irrigation liquid to flow to the surgical site. A flow sensing device is positioned at the outlet of the pumping unit. When the irrigation valve is opened, liquid flow through the flow sensing device under the influence of gravity causes a float to move with the liquid. A light source provides a light beam which is interrupted by movement of the float. This is detected by a photosensor which generates a signal to turn the motor on, causing the pump to operate. A battery isolator switch is provided which interrupts the circuit between the batteries and motor so that the device cannot be turned on during transit and storage.

The pumping unit includes an inlet which is connected to one end of a short flexible tube, the other end of which is connected to a standard spike for connecting the pumping unit to an irrigation bag. The pumping unit also includes clips which support the pumping unit on an IV pole or the like. The spike is coated with silicone which makes it relatively easy to connect the pumping unit to the irrigation bag.

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FIG. 2

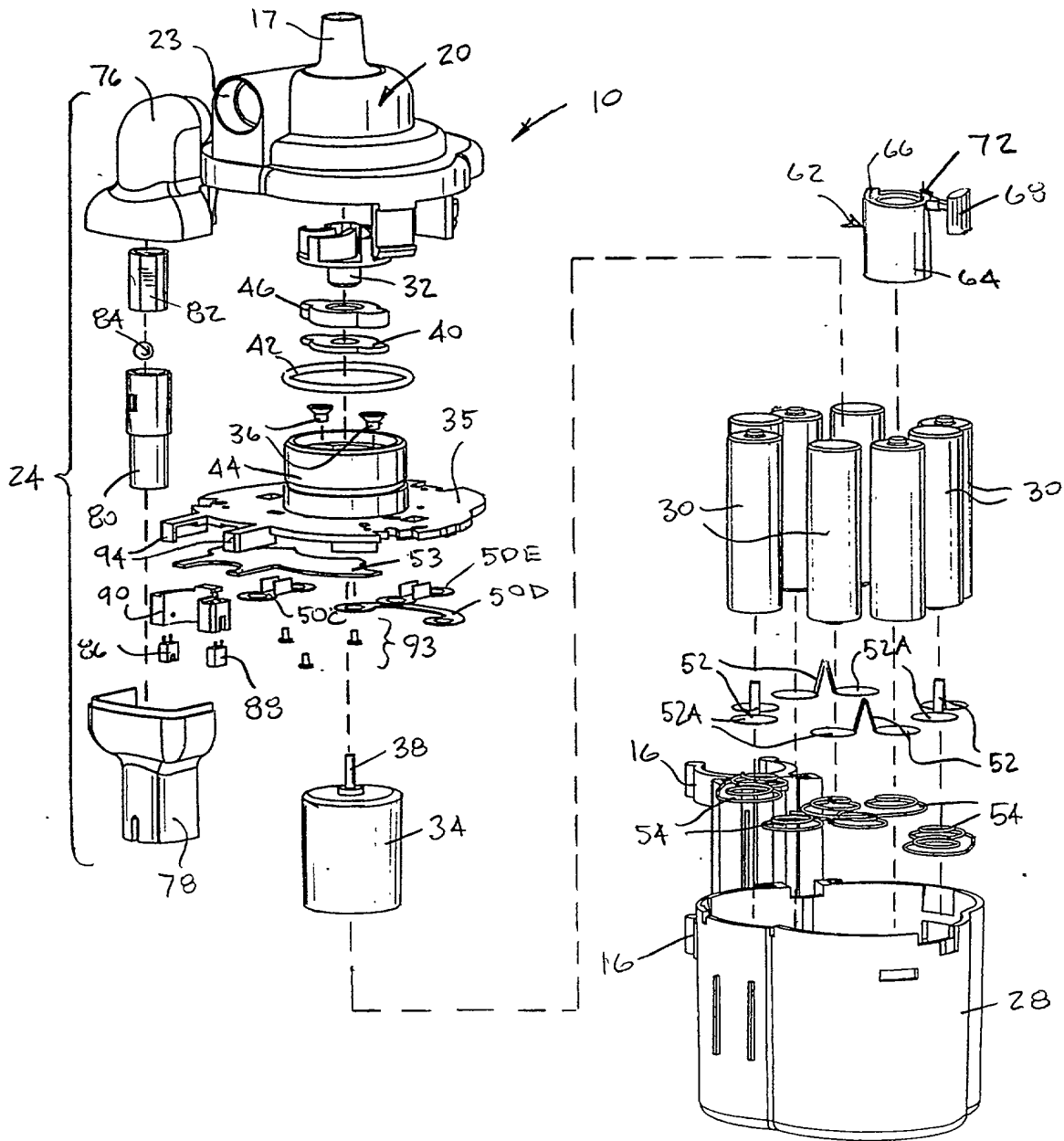


FIG. 3

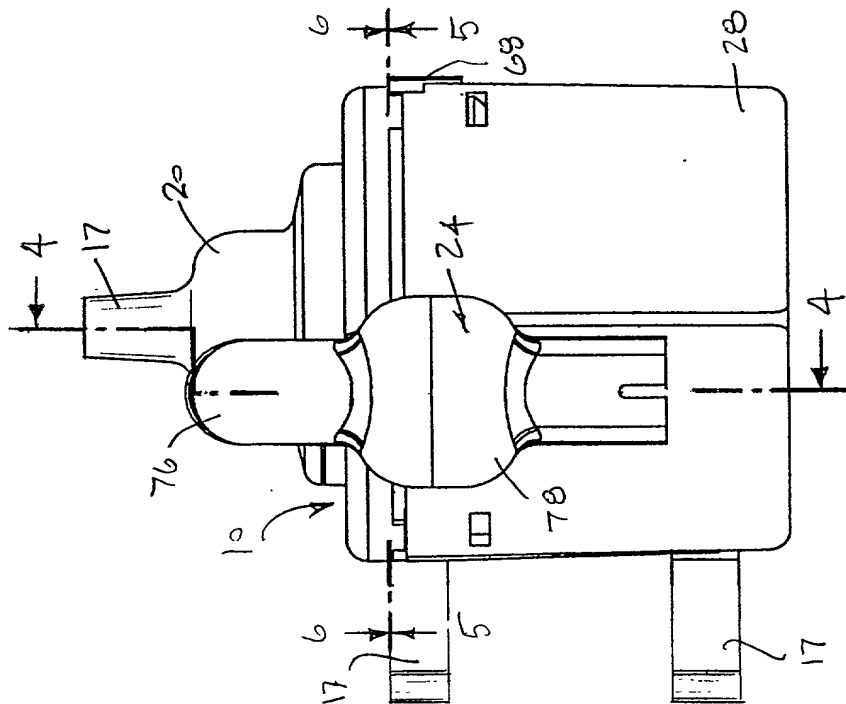
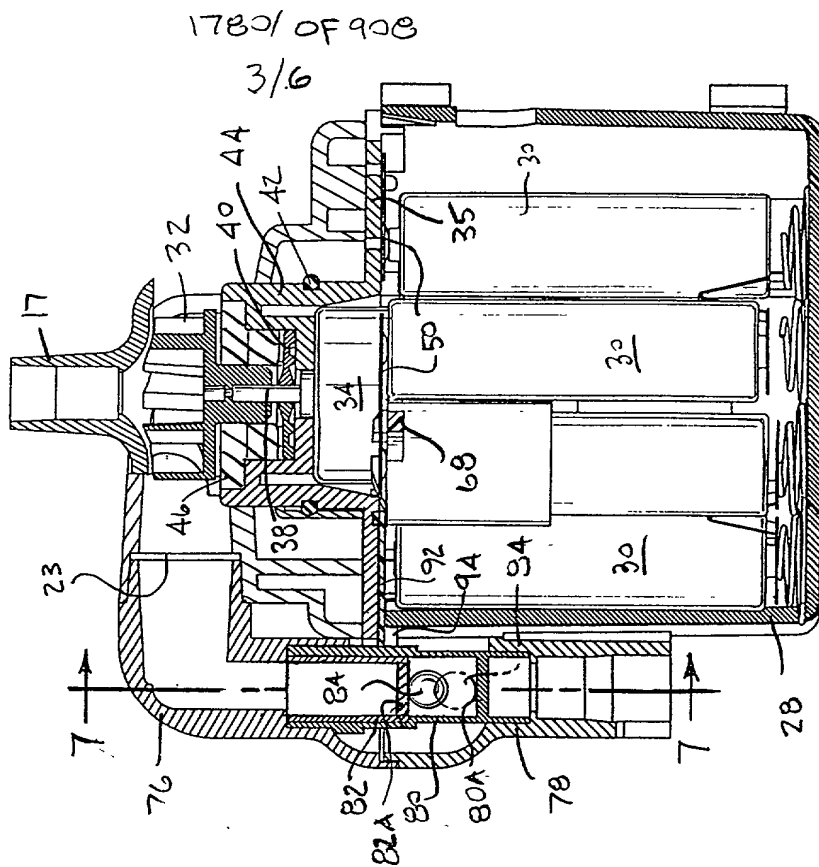


FIG. 4



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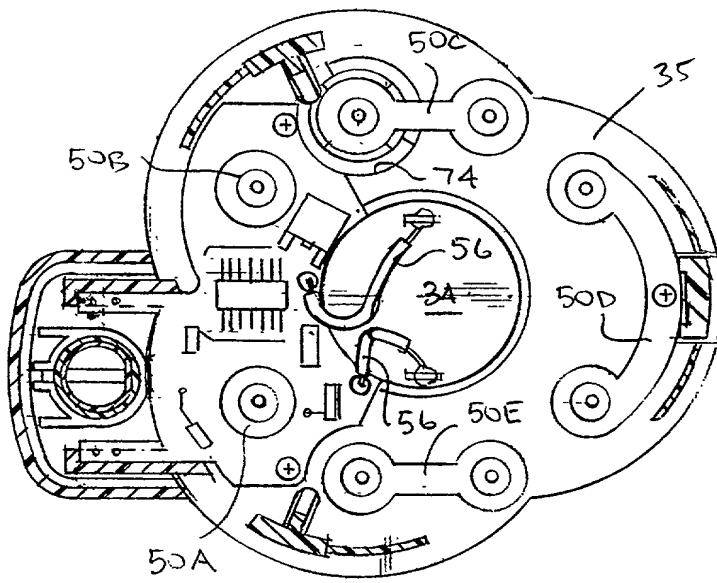


FIG. 5

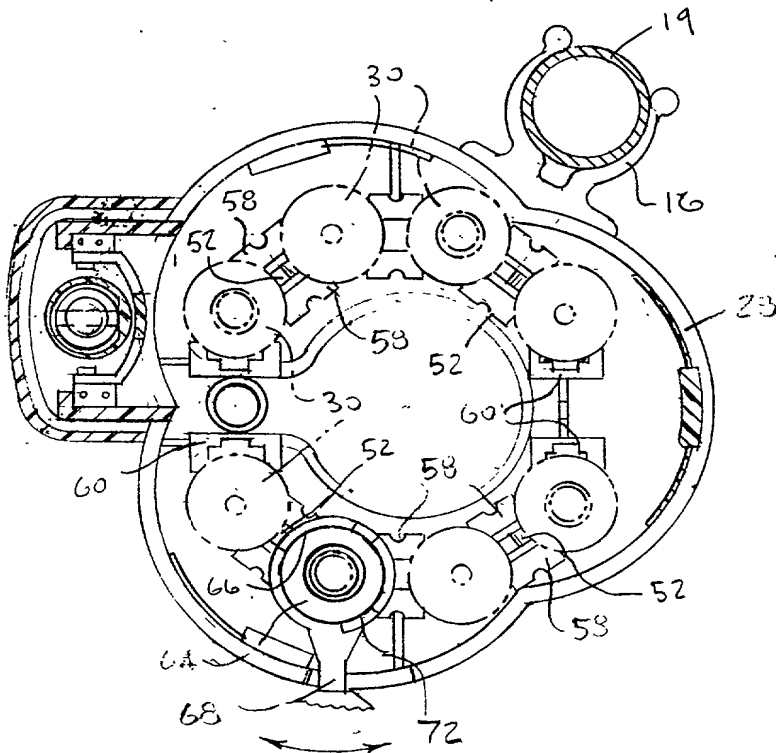
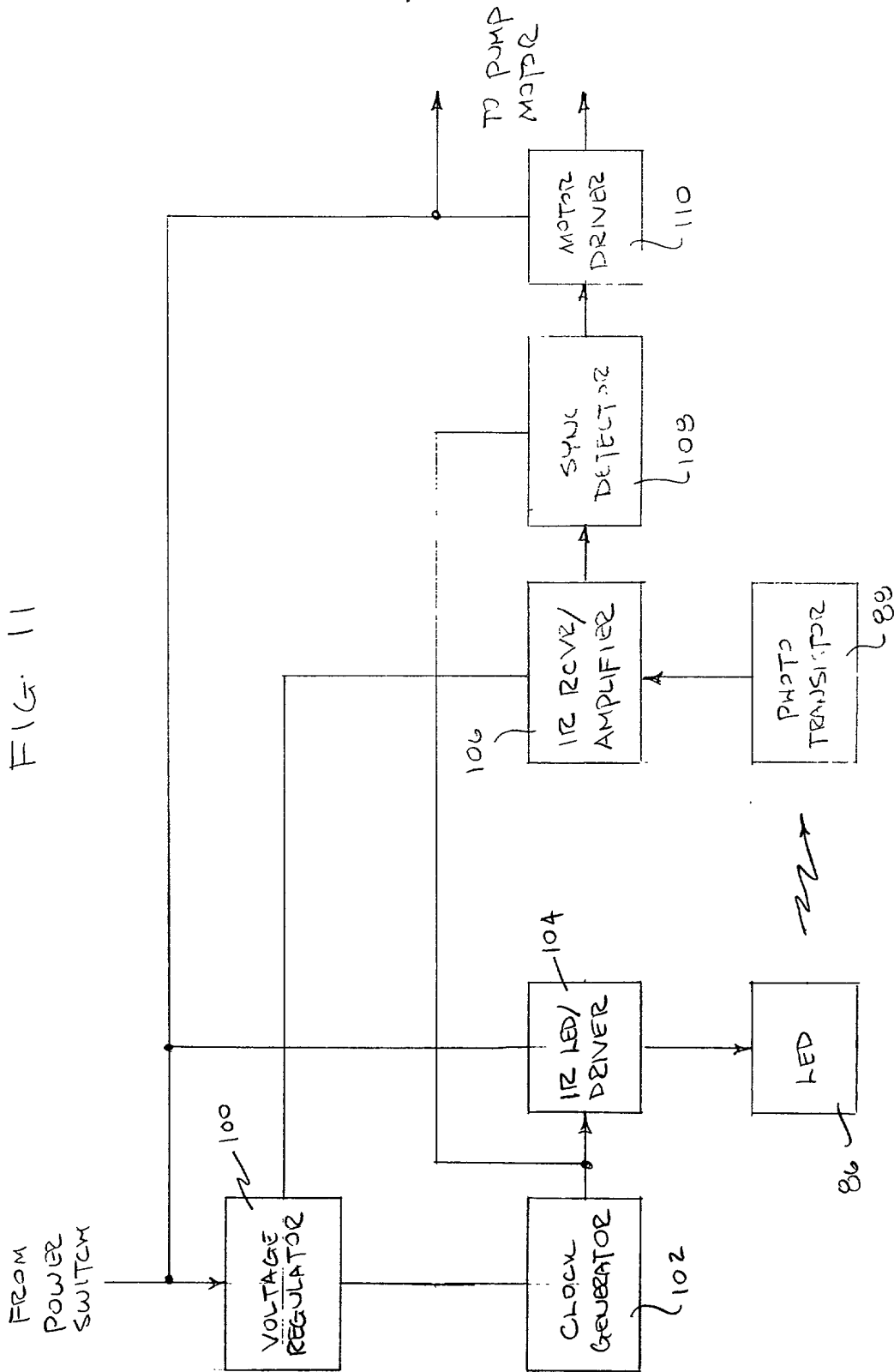


FIG. 6

	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327	2328	2329	2330	2331	2332	2333	2334	2335	2336	2337	2338	2339	2340	2341	2342	2343	2344	2345	2346	2347	2348	2349	2350	2351	2352	2353	2354	2355	2356	2357	2358	2359	2360	2361	2362	2363	2364	2365	2366	2367	2368	2369	2370	2371	2372	2373	2374	2375	2376	2377	2378	2379	2380	2381	2382	2383	2384	2385	2386	2387	2388	2389	2390	2391	2392	2393	2394	2395	2396	2397	2398	2399	2400	2401	2402	2403	2404	2405	2406	2407	2408	2409	2410	2411	2412	2413	2414	2415	2416	2417	2418	2419	2420	2421	2422	2
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FIG. 11



**DECLARATION
AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
Original Application**

As a below named inventor, I declare that the information given herein is true, that I believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor if only one name is listed at 1 below, or a joint inventor if plural inventors are named below, of the invention entitled:

ELECTRICALLY POWERED SURGICAL IRRIGATOR

which is described and claimed in:

[X] the attached specification or ☐ the specification in application
Serial No., filed
(for declaration not accompanying appl.)

that I do not know and do not believe that the same was ever known or used in the United States of America before my or our invention thereof or patented or described in any printed publication in any country before my or our invention thereof, or more than one year prior to this application, or in public use or on sale in the United States of America more than one year prior to this application, that the invention has not been patented or made the subject of an inventor's certificate issued before the date of this application in any country foreign to the United States of America on an application filed by me or my legal representatives or assigns more than twelve months prior to this application, that I acknowledge my duty to disclose information of which I am aware which is material to patentability in accordance with 37 CFR §1.56. I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I hereby claim the priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. §119 of any application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below. All foreign applications for patent or inventor's certificate on this invention filed by me or my legal representatives or assigns prior to the application(s) of which priority is claimed are also identified below.

PRIOR APPLICATION(S), IF ANY, OF WHICH PRIORITY IS CLAIMED

<u>COUNTRY</u>	<u>APPLICATION NO.</u>	<u>DATE OF FILING</u>
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**ALL FOREIGN APPLICATIONS, IF ANY, FILED PRIOR
TO THE APPLICATION(S) OF WHICH PRIORITY IS CLAIMED**

COUNTRY APPLICATION NO. DATE OF FILING

POWER OF ATTORNEY:

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agents(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark office connected therewith: Gordon D. Coplein #19,165, William F. Dudine, Jr. #20,569, Michael J. Sweedler #19,937, S. Peter Ludwig #25,351, Paul Fields #20,298, Marc S. Gross #19,614, Harold E. Wurst #22,183, Joseph B. Lerch #26,936, Melvin C. Garner #26,272, Ethan Horwitz #27,646, Beverly B. Goodwin #28,417, Adda C. Gogoris #29,714, Martin E. Goldstein #20,869, Bert J. Lewen #19,407, Henry Sternberg #22,408, Robert A. Green #28,301, Peter C. Schechter #31,662, Robert Schaffer #31,194, Robert C. Sullivan, Jr. #30,499, Ira J. Levy #35,587, Joseph R. Robinson #33,448

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SEND CORRESPONDENCE TO:

DARBY & DARBY P.C.
805 Third Avenue
New York, NY 10022

DIRECT TELEPHONE CALLS TO:

Michael J. Sweedler
212-527-7700

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CITY: North Kingstown STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY: Rhode Island COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP: USA

POST OFFICE ADDRESS: 25 White Birch Court CITY: North Kingstown STATE OR COUNTRY: Rhode Island ZIP CODE: 02852

FULL NAME AND RESIDENCE OF INVENTOR 2

LAST NAME: Felix FIRST NAME: Augustus MIDDLE NAME:

CITY: Cranston STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY: Rhode Island COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP: USA

POST OFFICE ADDRESS: 75 Chickory Lane CITY: Cranston STATE OR COUNTRY: Rhode Island ZIP CODE: 02921

I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001

of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 1: Michael Delk DATED: 01/07/2000
Michael Delk

SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 2: Augustus Felix DATED: 1/7/2000
Augustus Felix

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